CHAPTER SIX: Document Your Work

In this chapter, see how

To print your display using the Waverunner internal printer To print or plot your display with an external printer or plotter To create TIFF and BMP image files To store and retrieve floppy-disk, PC Memory-card and hard-disk-card files To give custom names to your files and create directories To add or delete file directories To copy files from one portable storage device to another

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Make a Hard Copy

Make a hard copy of your displayed traces and screen data using the scope's optional internal printer. Or print to an external printer or plotter using the rear GPIB, RS-232-C, or Centronics port. Create TIFF and BMP image files with the scope and save them to floppy disk, or optional PC memory or hard disk card.



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Other menus will appear according to your selection. The "plot size" and "pen number" menus appear when a plotter is selected. The "background" menu becomes available when a color or compressed TIFF or BMP graphic protocol is used. This gives you the choice between a black or white background for a screen image. Waverunner assigns file names automatically when copying to floppy or optional storage device (see page 69).





RS-232-C printer cabling: Connect your scope to a variety of external printers using the rear RS-232-C port. You could also connect to PC via GPIB, and use the computer to control a printer connected via RS-232-C. See Chapter 12, "Use Waverunner with PC," for computer cabling.

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Manage Floppy or Card Files

Use Waverunner mass-storage utilities to create waveform files on floppy-disk, or optional PC memory card or hard disk card. Give your files custom names, and create directories for them. Copy files from one portable storage device to another...



These menus allow you to select the working directory, to delete directories, and access the File Name Preferences and Add New Directory menus, described on the following pages.

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- 8. Press the button to select a directory for file storage and retrieval from the work with menu. Or, the selected directory can be deleted using the DELETE THIS DIRECTORY menu.
- 9. Next, press the button for

or File Name Preferences to access these menus.

CUSTOMIZE FILE NAMES

Waverunner gives default names to your files. But you can also customize them using these menus.



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ADD A NEW DIRECTORY



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COPY FILES

You can copy files from one portable storage device to another: from a floppy disk in the Waverunner floppy disk drive, to a memory card or hard disk card in the scope's PC Card slot (or vice versa).

15. Press the button for File TransFers
16. Press the button to select the devices you wish to transfer from and to: Card → Flpy Flpy → Card
17. Press the button to transfer certain types of file or all files on the storage device: HILF



18. Press the button to DO COPY

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HOW WAVERUNNER MANAGES MASS STORAGE

When you select Mass Storage Utilities from UTILITIES, the MASS STORAGE menu group gives you access to the mass-storage file system controls. The system supports storage and retrieval of data files to and from floppy disk in either the DOS 1.44 MB or 720 kB format.



Waverunner writes and reads all files to and from the floppy disk using the current working directory. If the new file being stored bears the same name as an existing file on the same storage medium, the old file will be deleted. The default name of the working directory is $L E CROY_1.DIR$. This directory is automatically created when the media is formatted. If the media is formatted elsewhere — for instance on a PC — the directory will be created the first time a file is saved to the floppy disk. The maximum number of files allowed in any one directory is 2400.

You can change the name of the working directory to any valid DOS directory name, using the filename preferences menu. All working directories are created as sub-directories from the root directory. As in MS-DOS, the file name can contain up to eight characters followed by an extension of three characters.

A file is treated as: a panel setup if its extension is PNL; a waveform if its extension is a threedigit number; a waveform template if its extension is TPL; a hard copy if its extension is TIF, BMP, or PRT; and HPGL if its extension is PLT. The table below shows how files are named.

FILE OR DIRECTORY TYPE	DEFAULT NAME	CUSTOMIZED NAME
Manually stored waveforms	Stt.nnn	xxxxxxxx.nnn
A utomatically stored waveforms	Att.nnn	xxxxxxxx.nnn
Panel files	Pnnn.PNL	xxxxxnnn.PNL
Hardcopy files	Dnnn.TIF Dnnn.BMP Dnnn.PRT Dnnn.PLT	xxxxxnnn.TIF xxxxxnnn.BMP xxxxxnnn.PRT xxxxxnnn.PLT
Template files	LECROYvv.TPL	Cannot be changed
Directory name	LECROY_1.DIR	XXXXXXXX
Spreadsheet	Sttnnn.TXT	xxxxxnnn.TXT
MA TL A B	Sttnnn.DAT	xxxxxnnn.DAT
MathCad	Sttnnn.PRN	xxxxxnnn.PRN

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KEY TO MASS-STORAGE TERMS				
x	A ny legal DOS file-name character	W	The template version number: for example, for a version 2.2, the template will be saved as L E CROY 22.TPL	
tt	The trace name of C1, C2, C3, C4, TA, TB, TC, TD	TIF BMP	Tagged Image Format, bitmap image files	
nnn <i>A three-digit decimal sequence number</i> <i>starting at 001 that is automatically</i> <i>assigned</i>		PRT	Hard copy printer files	
PLT	HPGL plotter or vector files			

The default notation for waveform files is Stt.nnn for manually stored files, and Att.nnn for automatically stored files. The characters S and A represent the two storage methods. When automatically generating a file name, Waverunner's system uses the assigned name plus a three-digit sequence number. If the assigned waveform name is already in the default 'Stt' form (such as SC1, STB) the name will be changed to the 'Att' form: AC1, ATB and so on. All other user-assigned names remain as entered.

If you select **Fill** and use default names, the first waveform stored will be $A \times x.001$, the second $A \times x.002$, and so on. Waverunner continues storing until the storage medium is filled, the file number reaches 999, or there are more than 2400 files in the current working directory.

If you select **Wrap**, the oldest auto-stored waveform files will be deleted whenever the medium becomes full. The remaining auto-stored waveform files will be renamed — the oldest group of files will be named "A xx.001", the second oldest "A xx.002", and so on.

The current sequence number is deduced from Waverunner's inspection of all file names in the working directory, regardless of file type — panel, hard copy, or waveform. The oscilloscope determines the highest occupied numeric file-name extension of the form 'nnn', and uses the next highest number as the current generation number for storage operations. When you delete a file generation, Waverunner deletes all files designated with the three-digit sequence number of the file-name extension, regardless of file type.

The mass-storage file system indicates media size and storage availability in k bytes where 1 k byte = 1024 bytes. Many media manufacturers specify the available storage in M bytes where 1 M byte = 1 million bytes. This results in an apparent mismatch in specified versus actual media storage availability, when in fact the availability in bytes is identical.

If the floppy's write-protection switch has been pushed to the active position, Waverunner displays the message "Device is Write Protected" on the upper part of the grid whenever the medium is accessed for writing.

See Chapter 12, "Use Waverunner with PC," for how to transfer files to PC.



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