





**PIXIS: 512** 

The PIXIS: 512 series of cameras from Princeton Instruments (PI) are fully integrated, low noise cameras designed expressly for quantitative scientific imaging applications. Choose back-illuminated (B) or eXcelon® versions of the 512 x 512 CCD for optimized performance from UV to NIR. Designed utilizing PI's exclusive XP cooling technology, PIXIS are the only cameras that offer cooling up to -90°C, while the all-metal, hermetically sealed design, with the industry's only lifetime vacuum guarantee, ensures maintenance free operation. High QE and ultra low noise electronics make the PIXIS: 512 series of cameras ideal for demanding, low light applications such as astronomy, Bose-Einstein Condensate (BEC), chemiluminescence and fluorescence imaging. The eXcelon technology of the PIXIS:512B delivers higher sensitivity in the NIR while suppressing the etaloning that occurs in standard back illuminated CCDs. Dual speed operation at 100 kHz or 2 MHz allow these cameras to be used for steady state as well as fast kinetics studies.

FEATURE	BENEFITS	
eXcelon® technology	Higher QE in the UV and near IR regions; Extremely low etaloning; 100x lower dark charge than conventional back-illuminated deep depletion devices	
512 x 512 imaging array; 24 μm x 24 μm pixels Scientific grade CCD	High spatial resolution; Low noise, few defects, linear response	
All-metal, hermetic vacuum seals; Lifetime vacuum guarantee	No out-gassing (as in epoxy seals) which can compromise vacuum performance; Worry-free operation	
Deep cooling	Low dark noise allows detection of faint signals; CoolCUBE II, a compact room temperature coolant circulator, is available for vibration sensitive environments	
Single fused silica vacuum window	Minimizes reflection losses from UV to IR; No optical losses due to multiple optical surfaces; Optional AR coating and wedge windows available	
Optional UV phosphor coatings	Enhances sensitivity throughout the UV to below 200 nm.	
TTL input and output, and shutter control	External control and triggering	
Low noise electronics	Best performance for low light level applications	
Dual amplifiers with software-selectable system gains	High sensitivity amplifier reduces the read noise floor for weak signals while the high capacity amplfier increases dynamic range	
Kinetics	Custom readout mode offers microsecond resolution	
USB2.0 data interface	Plug-and-play operation with desktops or laptops; Optional fiber optic interface for remote operation	
Optional: LightField® (for Windows 8/7, 64-bit) Or WinView/Spec (for Windows 8/7/XP, 32-bit)	Flexible software packages for data acquisition, display and analysis; LightField offers intuitive, cutting edge user interface, IntelliCal® and more.	
PICAM (64-bit) / PVCAM (32-bit) software development kits (SDKs)	Compatible with Windows 8/7/XP, and Linux; Universal programming interfaces for easy custom programming.	

### Applications:

semiconductor failure analysis, astronomy, photometry, laser beam profiling, luminescence and fluorescence imaging, and Bose-Einstein Condensate (BEC)



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

	PIXIS: 512B_eXcelon	PIXIS: 512B	
Features	Back-illuminated CCD. Highest sensitivity in the visible region. High sensivity in the NIR. Extremely low etaloning. 100x lower dark charge than the BR.	Back-illuminated CCD. Highest sensitivity in the visible region.	
CCD Image Sensor	Princeton Instruments' proprietary CCD, back-illuminated, grade 1, AIMO	e2v CCD77-00 back-illuminated, grade 1, AIMO	
Dark current @ -70°C	0.001 e-/p/sec (typical) 0.003 e-/p/sec (max)	0.001 e-/p/sec (typical) 0.003 e-/p/sec (max)	
CCD UV coating	Optional UV coating (not needed for BUV version)		
Quantum efficiency	See graph, next page		
CCD format	512 x 512 imaging pixels; 24 x 24 μm pixels; 100% fill factor		
lmaging area	12.3 mm x 12.3 mm (optically centered)		
Lens mount	Adjustable c-mount with integral 25 mm shutter		
Deepest cooling temperature	-90°C typical; -70°C guaranteed, specified at ambient temperature of +20°C		
Thermostating precision	±0.05°C		
Cooling method	Thermoelectric air or liquid cooling (CoolCUBE II required)		
Full well: Single pixel Output node	300 ke- (typical), 250 ke- (min) 700 ke- (typical), 600 ke- (min)		
ADC speed/bits	100 kHz/16-bit and 2 MHz/16-bit		
System read noise @ 100 kHz @ 2 MHz	5 e- rms (typical), 9 e- rms (max) 12 e- rms (typical), 20 e- rms (max)		
Vertical shift speed	18 μsec/row (programmable)		
Non-linearity	<1% @ 100 kHz		
Software selectable gains	2.5, 5, 10 e-/ADU; available at all speeds		
Operating systems supported	Windows 8/7 (64-bit) and Linux (64-bit), Windows 8/7/XP (32-bit)		
Data interface	USB2.0 (5 M interface cable provided); Optional Fiberoptic interface is available for remote operation		
I/O signals	Two MCX connectors for programmable frame readout, shutter, trigger in		
Operating environment	+5 to +30°C non-condensing		
Certification	CE		
Dimensions / Weight 16.59 cm (6.53") x 11.81 cm (4.65") x 11.38 cm (4.48") (L x W x H) / 2.27 kg (5 lbs)			

All specifications are subject to change.

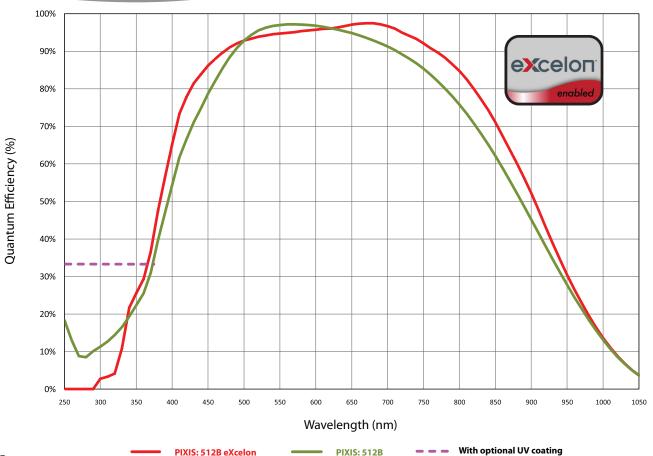
# **FRAME RATE**

#### **Readout Time**

		@ 2 MHz	@ 100 kHz
Binning	1 x 1	152.1 msec	2.52 sec
	2 x 2	77.4 msec	0.7 sec
	4 x 4	41.6 msec	219.3 sec



### **QE DATA**



NOTE:

Graph shows typical Quantum Efficiency (QE) data measured at ± 25°C. QE degrees at normal energiting temporatures.

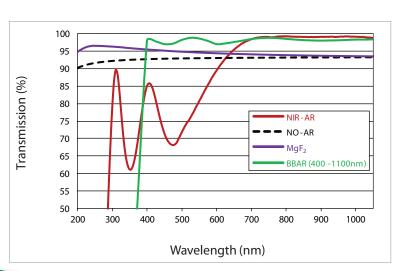
Graph shows typical Quantum Efficiency (QE) data measured at  $+25^{\circ}$ C. QE decreases at normal operating temperatures. For the best results for your application, please discuss the specific parameters of your experiment with your sales representative.

### **VACUUM WINDOW AR COATINGS**

#### **NOTES:**

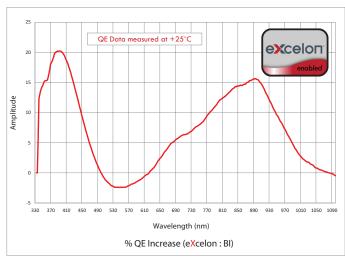
- Standard anti-reflection (AR) coating options shown on graph
- Designed by Acton Optics, our BBAR coating offers unmatched performance for 400 nm - 1100 nm
- Custom wedge window options and other AR coatings are also available

Contact your local sales representative for more information

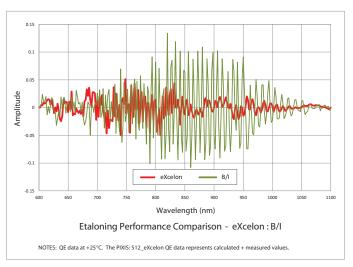




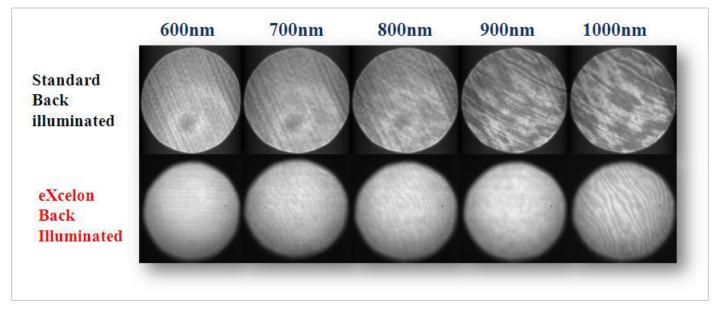
## eXcelon Performance



B\_eXcelon provides superior QE over the standard back illuminated ("B") version in the UV-NIR range.



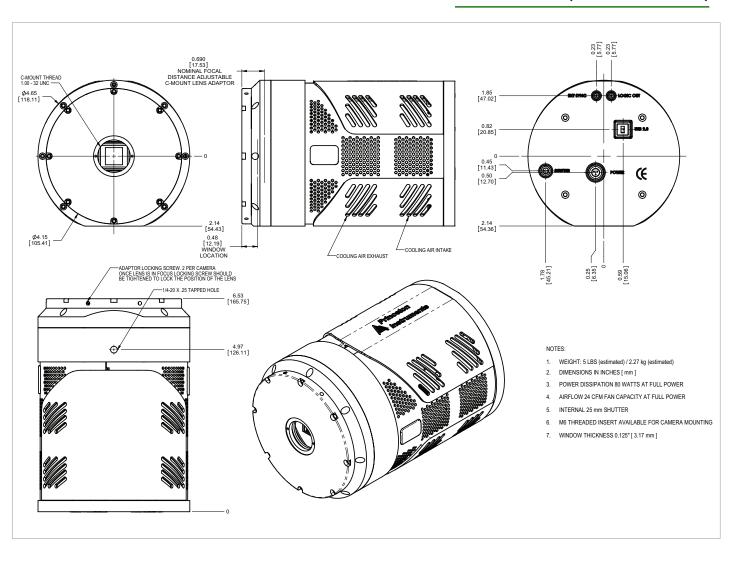
B\_eXcelon provides significantly lower etaloning (unwanted fringes) compared to standard back illuminated ("B") version.



Data taken with white light source through a monochromator comparing etaloning performance of eXcelon vs. back-illuminated CCDs.



# **PIXIS: 512 (AIR COOLED)**





# **PIXIS: 512 (LIQUID COOLED)**

